

Horizon Europe

THE NEXT EU RESEARCH & INNOVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAMME (2021 – 2027)

#HorizonEU

Simplified forms of costs



Breakdown of contents

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 - Which ones?
 - ➤ Why?
- II: Horizon Europe Implementation strategy online consultation
- III: The Lump sum pilot
 - ➤ Why?
 - > A pilot with 2 options
 - Principles
 - Lessons learned



Horizon Europe -Simplified forms of costs



Simplified forms of costs

- Different simplified forms:
 - Units
 - Lump sums
 - Flat rate

- One common two-fold objective:
 - Reducing the administrative burden & the risk of errors



Why simplified forms?



Focus on conditions triggering the payment

- Shift from focus on financial management and checking costs to focus on scientific-technical content of the projects, e.g.:
 - For unit: occurrence of an event, achievement of a deliverable or a specific output etc...
 - For lump sum: e.g. performance of a set of activities (e.g. accomplishment of a Work Package).



Record-keeping for beneficiaries

They need

They don't need

Technical documents Time-sheets Pay-slips Publications, prototypes, deliverables Depreciation policy Who did what? **Invoices** ...any document proving the actual ...any document proving that the work was done costs incurred

Already the case for actual costs-based MGA



Examples of usage

Actual costs

 e.g. Personnel costs, other direct costs, subcontracting etc.

Unit costs

e.g. SME owner unit cost, MSCA unit costs

Lump sum

All types of costs (i.e. H2020 lump sum pilot)

Flat rates

e.g. Indirect costs (25%)



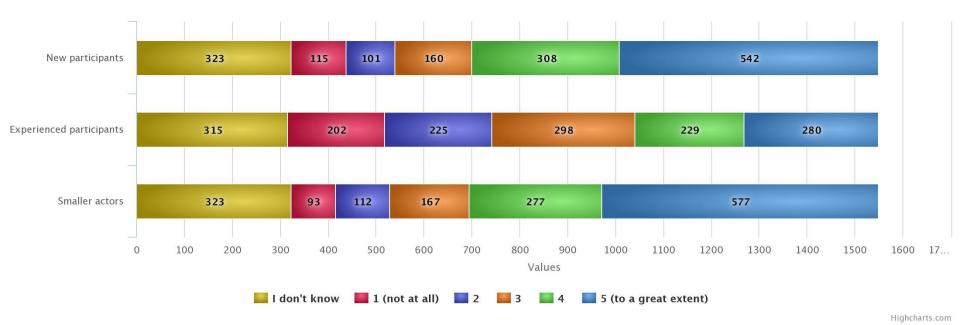
Horizon Europe Implementation strategy online consultation



Stakeholders contribution to Horizon Europe Co-design

Results of the on-line consultation

7.2. Do you think lump sum project funding will make R&I Framework Programme more accessible to...



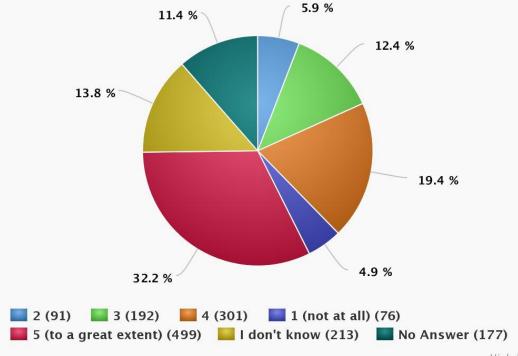
- 55% consider it will be more accessible for newcomers
- > 55% consider it will be more accessible for smaller actors
- 33% consider it will be more accessible experienced participants
- > Similar pattern from Bulgarian and Romanian respondents



Stakeholders contribution to Horizon Europe Co-design

Results of the on-line consultation

7.3. To what extent will the abolition of cost reporting and auditing in projects funded by lump sums make project management and administration easier?



- > 52% consider management and administration will be easier
- ➤ 11% consider management and administration will be more complicated
- Similar pattern for Bulgarian and Romanian respondents





Lump sum Pilot



Lump sum: Why?

Significant simplification potential:

- Despite all simplification, funding based on reimbursement of incurred costs stays complex and error-prone
- Lump sum project funding removes all obligations on actual cost reporting and financial ex-post audits – i.e. a major reduction of administrative burden

Focus on performance:

Shift from focus on financial management and checking costs to focus on scientific-technical content of the projects



Lump sum pilot – Two options



Fixed in the Call

Per project based on the budget



Lump sum pilot – Two options

Option 1

- Fixed lump sum per project defined in call for proposals
- Proposals describe the efforts and resources applicants commit to mobilise for this amount.
- Applicants must provide proposed split of the lump sum per work package and per beneficiary.
- ➤ The evaluation and competition between proposals ensure that adequate resources are committed

Option 2

- Proposals provide a detailed estimation of costs
- Experts assess cost details during evaluation and make recommendations (panel will include expert/s with financial expertise).
- Based on this, the lump sum is fixed during grant preparation



Principles

Lump sum evaluation and grant agreement follow standard approach as much as possible:

- Same evaluation criteria
- Same pre-financing and payment scheme
- Reporting periods and technical reporting as today, though focusing on completion of work packages

One lump sum share is fixed in the grant agreement for each work package

This amount is paid when the activities in the work package are completed. As today, payment does not depend on a successful outcome, but on the completion of activities



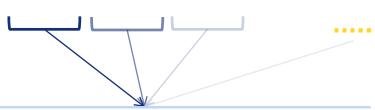
Lump sum grant – Budget allocation

Annex 2

Lump sum = Maximum grant amount

Max. liability of the beneficiary after payment of balance

	WP1	WP2	WP3	WP4	WP5	WP6	WP7	WP8	Total
Beneficiary A	250.000			50.000	300.000	250.000		300.000	1.150.000
Beneficiary B		250.000	350.000	50.000			100.000	150.000	900.000
Beneficiary C	100.000	100.000		50.000		280.000			530.000
Beneficiary D		120.000		50.000			100.000	150.000	420.000
Total	350.000	470.000	350.000	200.000	300.000	530.000	200.000	600.000	3.000.000



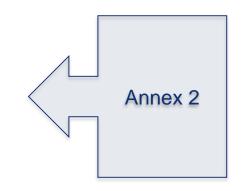
Share of the lump sum per WP



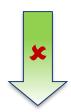
Lump sum grant – Interim payment

Sum of the share of the lump sum allocated to Work Packages fully completed in the reporting period

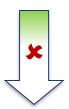
	WP1	WP2	WP3	WP4	WP5
Beneficiary A	250.000			50.000	300.000
Beneficiary B		250.000	350.000	50.000	
Beneficiary C	100.000	100.000		50.000	
Beneficiary D		120.000		50.000	
Total	350.000	470.000	350.000	200.000	300.000











Payment =
$$350\ 000 + 0 + 350\ 000 + 0 = 700\ 000$$
 €



Limited to 90 % of the total grant



Lessons learned: Issues to consider before drawing conclusions

- We are in the first stages: Experience is very limited!
- Evaluations of ongoing pilots concluded (NMBP, S2R, Health, ERC-PoC 2 cut-off dates)
- ➤ ECA's recommendations on the Special report on H2020 Simplification

Therefore

We need to increase the number of pilots! > WP 2020!



Lump sum: Lessons learned

From proposal preparation:

- Reinforcing information to beneficiaries on lump sum specificities
 - Set of slides 'Lump sum pilots: What do I have to know?'
 - Video 'All I need to know about lump sum pilots'
 - FAQ on diverse topics how to structure continuous project lifetime WPs (Concept of Work packages, Evaluation, Payment, Amendments, Reporting, etc.)
- Concept of work packages
- Improving the design of the budget Excel sheet

From evaluation:

Reinforcing information to evaluators

Other important issues to be underlined:

- Careful selection of experts with project management / financial background
- Homogenous implementation of different pilots

New pilots in 2020: Principles considered

- > Topics which are suitable for Lump sums
- Pilots fitting in existing Option I and Option II
- Different types of actions: IA-LS, RIA-LS and CSA-LS
- Small and big projects
- Topics from different parts of the work programme
- Implementation by the Commission, and different Executive Agencies





Thank you!

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http://ec.europa.eu/horizon-europe

New lump sum pilots in Work Programme 2020

LEIT-NMBP	DT-NMBP-23-2020 (RIA), "Next generation organ-on-chip"	Open for submission: 03/06/2019	1st stage deadline: 12/12/2019 2nd stage deadline: 14/05/2020
SC1 Health	SC1-BHC-37-2020 (RIA), "Towards the new generation of clinical trials – trials methodology research"	Open for submission: 04/07/2019	Deadline: 07/04/2020
SME Innovation Associate Programme	H2020-INNOSUP-02-2019 (CSA)	Open for submission: 03/09/2019	Deadline: 15/01/2020
FET-Open Innovation Launchpad	FETOPEN-03-2018-2019-2020 CSA	Open for submission: 09/10/2019	Deadline: 14/10/2020



New lump sum pilots in Work Programme 2020

SC2 Food	BG-07-2019-2020, sub-topic for 2020 (IA): "The Future of Seas and Oceans Flagship Initiative", sub-scope C "Technologies for Observations"	Open for submission: 15/10/2019	Deadline: 22/01/2020
SC6 Societies	MIGRATION-04-2020 (IA), "Inclusive and innovative practices for the integration of the post 2015 migrant in local communities"	Open for submission: 05/11/2019	Deadline: 12/03/2020
SC4 Transport	MG-4-9-2020 (IA), "The European mobility culture of tomorrow: Reinventing the wheel?"	Open for submission: 03/12/2019	1st stage deadline: 13/2/2020 2nd stage deadline: 03/09/2020



New lump sum pilots in Work Programme 2020

SC3 Energy	LC-SC3-RES-18-2020 (RIA): "Advanced drilling and well completion techniques for cost reduction in geothermal energy"	Open for submission Opening date: 03/12/2019	Deadline: 21/04/2020
Disseminati on & exploitation	NSUP-01-2020 (CSA), "Fostering transnational cooperation between national support structures (e.g. National Contact Points): ensuring a transition between Horizon 2020 and Horizon Europe"	Open for submission Opening date: 08/01/2020	Deadline: 26/03/2020
SC5 Climate	LC-CLA-18-2020 (RIA), "Developing the next generation of Earth System Models"	Forthcoming Opening date: 12/02/2020	Deadline: 07/04/2020

